

KING OF PORTUGAL AND THE CROWN PRINCE ASSASSINATED

Shot to Death While Riding in Royal Carriage--Queen, Amid Rain of Bullets, Tries to Shield Crown Prince--Police Kill Two Assassins.

LISBON, Feb. 1.—King Carlos of Portugal and Crown Prince Luis Philippe were assassinated today and the city is in a state of uproar. The king's second son, Manuel, was slightly wounded, but Queen Amelie, who strove to save the Crown Prince's life by throwing herself upon him, was unhurt. A band of men, waiting at the corner of Praco De Commercio and Rue De Arsenal, suddenly sprang toward the open carriage in which the royal family were driving to the palace, and leveling carbines, which they had concealed upon them, fired. The king and crown prince, at whom the attack was directed, were each shot three times and lived long enough to be carried to the Marine Arsenal near by, where they expired. Almost at the first shot the king fell back on the cushions dying. At the same moment the crown prince was seen to half rise and then sink back on the seat. Queen Amelie jumped up and threw herself toward the crown prince, in an apparent effort to save his life at the cost of her own, but the prince already had received his death wound. The police guard fired upon the assassins and killed three of them.

The royal family were returning from Villa Vicosa, where they had been sojourning, and were on the way from the railroad station to the palace. A strong guard was in attendance because of the recent uprising in the city and the discovery of a plot to assassinate Premier Franco and overthrow the monarchy, but the band of murderers had selected the most advantageous spot for the commission of their crime, for they

were concealed from the eyes of the party until their vehicles had come into Praco De Commercio, a large square. Before any of the guard was aware of what was happening, the assassins leaped to their carriage. Instantly a fusillade of shots rang out. In a moment all was terrible confusion, the king and crown prince being shot down without a chance to save themselves. The police guards sprang upon the regicides, the number of whom is somewhat uncertain, killed three of them and captured one, who committed suicide. It is charged that one of the murderers was a Spaniard.

The bodies of the king and crown prince were removed from the Marine Arsenal in two closed carriages to the royal palace, the late residence of the king, escorted by municipal mounted guards. An examination of the king's wounds, who was already dead when taken to the arsenal, showed that three bullets found their mark. One wound was situated at the nape of the neck, the second in the shoulder, and the third, which was a fatal wound, severed the carotid artery. The crown prince, who was still breathing, but who died almost instantly after his admission to the arsenal, had suffered three wounds in the head and chest. Two bullets had struck Prince Manuel. Queen Marie Pia, mother of King Carlos, the Duke of Oporto, his brother, and a number of ministers and court officers hastened at once to the arsenal when news reached them of the attack on the royal family.

The news of the assassination swept through the city like wild fire, and tonight half the populace is panic stricken, not knowing where the next blow may fall. There is the greatest dread for the future of the country, which seems on the verge of being plunged into the awful throes of a revolution, with its attendant horrors and bloodshed. Throughout the city consternation reigns and all houses and business places are barricaded.

At first it would seem as though the assassination was the work of anarchists, and not republican sympathizers, nevertheless the stirring events of last week had prepared the people for some startling culmination. The discovery of plot after plot, as well as the discovery of many secret stores of weapons and ammunition, demonstrated beyond peradventure the existence of a determination on the part of a large body of Portuguese to overthrow the present conditions and proclaim a republic.

The tragedy occurred about 5:30 in the afternoon, but the panic which instantly gripped the city and all its activities and prostrated all lines of communication, and it was not for some hours that the news was permitted to be sent broadcast. Lisbon tonight wears an air of utter desolation. Theatres and cafes are closed, the streets are almost deserted, electric cars are moving without passengers—in short, the city has shut itself up in its houses.

While the people communed upon the future of their country, the minds of all faithful monarchists turned at once to the thought that the wounded infant Manuel was not king of Portugal. The latest bulletin from the bedside of Prince Manuel stated that at present there is no danger of complications from the wounds. The greatest fear is of a possibility of blood poisoning later. It is understood that Queen Amelie will be regent during the minority of Prince Manuel, who is now in his nineteenth month.

Cabinet Given Unlimited Power.

LISBON, Feb. 1.—A decree was gazetted today giving the Cabinet unlimited power to repress the revolutionary agitation in Portugal. This decree empowers the cabinet to expel from the kingdom or exile to the colonies, members of all associations that are deemed inimical to the state or that are conducting a campaign against public security. It has suspended parliamentary immunity, compares all persons sentenced for political agitation, criminals, and deprives them of civil rights, titles, decorations, etc. The decree is retroactive to January 21. The decree provided that suspects be tried within two days after being arrested. No appeal from the first sentence passed will be entertained.

News Conveyed to Washington

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Official news of the assassination of King Carlos and the crown prince was received late tonight, through a cablegram from Minister Bryan at Lisbon, which conveyed the simple announcement of the commission of the crime. The President was at once notified by Acting Secretary of State Bacon, and expressed his deep sorrow. He will tomorrow send his formal expressions of grief to the royal family.

Legislature Adjourns

CARSON, Nev., Feb. 1.—The special session of the Nevada Legislature adjourned sine die this afternoon. During the nineteen days of the legislative session, twenty bills were passed that carried appropriations calling for an expenditure by the State of \$270,000. Governor Sparks and Captain Cox will immediately commence forming the State police.

THAW GOES TO ASYLUM FOR INSANE

Court Holds that Murderer of Stanford White Is Dangerous Lunatic and Orders Him Taken to the Criminal Hospital at Mattewan.

[By Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Adjudget not guilty of the murder of Stanford White, by reason of insanity at the time the fatal shots were fired, Harry Kendall Thaw today was held by the court to be a dangerous lunatic and was whirled away to the State hospital for the criminal insane at Mattewan. It was a quick transition from the dingy little cell in the Tombs, which has been his home for more than eighteen months, to the white-bedded wards of the big asylum, tucked away on the snow-covered, sloping banks of the Hudson River, seventy miles above the city. The verdict came after twenty-five hours of waiting, when every one connected with the case had abandoned all hope of an agreement ever being reached in this or any other trial. Four hours after the jury returned its verdict Thaw was on his way to Mattewan, a little after midnight. He had been received in the institution under commitment papers which directed his detention until discharged by due course of law. Thaw was accompanied from the Tombs to Mattewan by Daniel O'Reilly, one of his attorneys. Mrs. Evelyn Thaw and Josiah Thaw were the only members of the prisoner's family in court when the verdict was announced. The young woman thanked individually each member of the jury and followed Mr. Littleton's example in shaking hands with them. It is stated that District Attorney Jerome will resist any effort to have Thaw liberated at any time in the near future, neither will he be willing to consent to his transfer to a sanitarium.

KIRMAN WILL NOT BUY BANK

WOULD REQUIRE NEARLY A MILLION TO PAY DEPOSITORS.

CARSON, Feb. 1.—After making an examination of the books of the State Bank and Trust Company, Mayor Kirman of Reno has withdrawn his original proposition to take over the affairs of the institution. The examination revealed the fact that it would require nearly a million dollars to pay off the depositors. There is very little cash available for the bank and it is feared that depositors will receive only a few cents on the dollar.

WRIT OF ATTACHMENT AGAINST STATE BANK

POPE PIUS HAS LOST HIS VOICE

ROME, Italy, Feb. 1.—The correspondent is informed by the pontifical physician, Dr. Petacci, that the Pope for the time being has almost lost the use of his voice because of a sore throat and cold and has been compelled to limit his audiences. That arranged for the American College in Rome today had to be postponed, the Pope being entirely unable to make his accustomed speech.

Dr. Petacci says there is no danger at present, but that rest and great care are necessary, as gout and frequent colds have weakened the Pope's general condition.

TONOPAH'S MARVELOUS PRODUCTION

The week has been a radiant one for Tonopah in the matter of discovery, development and production, with the Belmont in the lead in the new work. Early in the week the Daily Bonanza published the story of the finds in the Belmont on the 800 and 1000 levels. Since that time the work of development has been going on so rapidly that the bunches of ore which were prospects, are now fine working bodies.

The Brock administration left the mine in a sorry plight. The orders were during that regime that all work should be reported to headquarters in Philadelphia, to the exclusion of Tonopah. When stories came from the East and the West to the effect that the mine was steadily getting out of the ore, there was no way of disproving the assertions, further than the word of those in charge. As a matter of fact, the stories of the Belmont were exaggerated in regard to the ore, but if the orders of the heads of the company had been continued, the ore would have undoubtedly gone out, as has been shown by the recent developments. Superintendent S. H. Brady of the Belmont instituted a few reforms

when he took charge of the mine. One of these was to give to the public the news of the developments, and in accordance with this view took a representative of the Daily Bonanza through the lower workings on last Monday. Among the other reforms of Mr. Brady was changing the course of development, and the replenishing of the mine with ore. This has, of course, taken time, but very little time at that, for Mr. Brady has had the management not much longer than two months. The ore was there all the time, to be sure, but Mr. Brady evidently knew where to find it; at any rate, he did find it.

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DOWNWARD WAS DRIFT OF PRICES

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The demand for stocks was torpid today and prices drifted downward. There was a sudden weakness in the market at different times, and in special stocks. Some of the selling was attributed to foreign account and Wall Street expressed a fear that the distrust of American securities, as a reflection of the tone of the President's message to Congress, was indicated by this selling. Bonds were heavy.